

Review

For each item below, explain why it is true or provide a counterexample to show it is false.

1. It is not possible to find n vectors in \mathbb{R}^n that are linearly dependent.
2. Every list of n vectors in \mathbb{R}^n spans all of \mathbb{R}^n .
3. If a list of n vectors in \mathbb{R}^n is linearly independent then it spans all of \mathbb{R}^n .
4. If a list of n vectors in \mathbb{R}^n spans all of \mathbb{R}^n then it is linearly independent.

Linear Transformations

1. For each matrix below, make a drawing for the function from $\mathbb{R}^2 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^2$ that it defines.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| (a) $\begin{bmatrix} -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ | (c) $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 2 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$ | (e) $\begin{bmatrix} 0 & -2 \\ 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$ |
| (b) $\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 1 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$ | (d) $\begin{bmatrix} 0 & -1 \\ 2 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$ | (f) $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ |

2. Is the function $T: \mathbb{R}^2 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^3$ defined by

$$T\left(\begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix}\right) = \begin{bmatrix} xy \\ y \\ x \end{bmatrix}$$

a linear transformation?

3. If $T: \mathbb{R}^m \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^n$ is a linear transformation and $\mathbf{x}_1, \dots, \mathbf{x}_p$ are linearly dependent vectors in \mathbb{R}^m then are $T(\mathbf{x}_1), \dots, T(\mathbf{x}_p)$ linearly dependent?
4. If $T: \mathbb{R}^m \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^n$ is a linear transformation and $\mathbf{x}_1, \dots, \mathbf{x}_p$ are linearly independent vectors in \mathbb{R}^m then are $T(\mathbf{x}_1), \dots, T(\mathbf{x}_p)$ linearly independent?
5. If $T: \mathbb{R}^m \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^n$ is a linear transformation and $\mathbf{x}_1, \dots, \mathbf{x}_p$ are vectors in \mathbb{R}^m whose span is all of \mathbb{R}^m then do $T(\mathbf{x}_1), \dots, T(\mathbf{x}_p)$ span all of \mathbb{R}^n ?
6. Suppose $T: \mathbb{R}^2 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^3$ is a linear transformation such that

$$T\left(\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}\right) = \begin{bmatrix} 5 \\ 3 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix} \quad \text{and} \quad T\left(\begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}\right) = \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}.$$

What is $T\left(\begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix}\right)$?

7. Write the standard matrix for each of the following linear transformations from $\mathbb{R}^2 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^2$.
- (a) Reflection across the line $x_2 = x_1$.
 - (b) Rotation by 90° followed by expansion by 3 in the horizontal direction.
 - (c) Everything is sent to $\mathbf{0}$.
8. Is the linear transformation defined by the following matrix one-to-one? Onto?

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

9. Is the linear transformation defined by the following matrix one-to-one? Onto?

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 2 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$$